
Part 10. Training, Capacity-Building, Technical Assistance

Recommendation	Reference (source)
The Board [...]strongly encourages interested Governments and organizations to use bilateral, regional and multilateral initiatives to help Governments invoke [the provisions of article 12, paragraph 10 (a), of the 1988 Convention] for all scheduled substances.	(PRE/2012/P27) (PRE/2012/P157)
The Board urges all Governments and relevant international organizations to provide assistance for training and capacity-building for competent authorities of low-income countries to enable them to monitor and communicate the legitimacy of relevant transactions and to prevent diversions.	(PRE/2011/P154)
The Board invites the Governments of the abovementioned countries [that failed to comply with their reporting obligations for 2004] to inform it of difficulties they may be facing in complying with their treaty obligations. Training may pose problems for a number of developing countries.	(PRE/2005/P80)
Noting the persistent need for training of national drug control administrators in the administration of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursor chemicals in many countries, the Board wishes to draw the attention of UNODC to these needs and requests it to look into ways to facilitate such training activities on an ongoing basis , for instance, by establishing a specific training unit within UNODC.	(AR/2005/R30)
As trafficking groups capable of handling such large consignments would need well-established and well-organized networks to transport, store and utilize such a large amount of a precursor, the Board requests that initiatives be undertaken to strengthen the capability of both law enforcement and regulatory authorities effectively to counter the networks that may already exist within the region.	(PRE/2001/P116)
The Board urges UNODC to allocate the necessary funds to ensure speedy implementation of the overall training programme for Afghanistan on licit activities related to narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors, which was developed by the Board in cooperation with UNODC, to increase the Government's capacity to implement the provisions of the international drug control treaties.	(AR/2005/R32)
The Board urges all Governments and relevant international organizations to provide assistance for training and building the capacity of the competent authorities of countries in Africa to enable them to confirm the legitimacy of relevant transactions and prevent diversions.	(AR/2008/R14) (PRE/2009/P77) (PRE/2009/P105) (PRE/2008/P48) (AR/2007/R15) (AR/2006/R15)
In many countries in Africa , there is a lack of adequate precursor control legislation and monitoring, and mechanisms for the control of precursor chemicals are insufficient. As a consequence, drug traffickers are increasingly targeting countries in Africa in an attempt to divert the chemicals they require for illicit drug manufacture. The Board calls upon UNODC to offer technical assistance , including training, to the African countries at risk of such diversion.	(AR/2005/R42)
The Board urges the Governments concerned to make full use of the mechanisms established under Operation Topaz (now Project Cohesion) , including the provision of technical support and training, to enhance existing law	(PRE/2004/P77)

enforcement capacity, especially for customs authorities and border guards. (PRE/2004/P77)
